

Bio-Magnetic Research Institute

Randomized Double-Blind Crossover Study to determine the impact of “Pressure Point” eyewear

Hypothesis: “Pressure point” eyewear will improve the symptoms and quality of life in patients with acute or chronic sinusitis.

Subjects: Subjects were required to meet the following guidelines for inclusion in the study: were not pregnant, did not have any electrical implants (i.e. pacemakers), were 18 years of age or older, had been diagnosed by a medical professional with sinusitis, and were not currently taking prescription medications for sinusitis.

Subjects were identified as having either acute sinusitis (symptoms less than 3 (three) weeks, or chronic sinusitis (symptoms lasting 3 (three) weeks or longer. Eighty-five percent (17) were experiencing chronic sinusitis. Fifteen percent (3) were experiencing acute sinusitis.

Method

Randomization process utilized the Excel spreadsheet formula listed below to generate a random number between 1 and 1,000,000 for each of the 10 members of Group A and Group B. The spreadsheet was then recalculated 10 times. The random number formulas were then converted to a fixed numerical value and listed in ascending order to assign a group number to each patient number.

Group A received the Placebo product in the First Treatment Period and Active product in the Second Treatment Period. Group B received the Active product in the First Treatment Period and Placebo in the Second Treatment Period. Each unit of product was assigned a number consisting of the two digit Patient Number followed by a “1” or “2” to signify the Treatment Period (i.e. 01-1 = Patient 01 Treatment Period 1, 03-2 = Patient 03 Treatment Period 2).

Investigators remained blinded to the Patient’s group number until the study data was gathered.

=Randbetween(1,1000000)

| Group A | | Group B | |
|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Placebo/Active | | Active/Placebo | |
| Random # | Group A | Random # | Group B |
| 255528 | A | 750100 | B |
| 935248 | A | 274170 | B |
| 830474 | A | 288264 | B |
| 250046 | A | 903793 | B |
| 357566 | A | 857679 | B |
| 468375 | A | 116462 | B |
| 979282 | A | 730129 | B |
| 805291 | A | 967000 | B |
| 112809 | A | 99146 | B |
| 920515 | A | 585160 | B |

| Patient No. | Randomization | Group |
|-------------|---------------|-------|
| 01 | 99146 | B |
| 02 | 112809 | A |
| 03 | 116482 | B |
| 04 | 250046 | A |
| 05 | 255528 | A |
| 06 | 274170 | B |
| 07 | 288264 | B |
| 08 | 357566 | A |
| 09 | 468375 | A |
| 10 | 585160 | B |
| 11 | 730129 | B |
| 12 | 750100 | B |
| 13 | 805291 | A |
| 14 | 830474 | A |
| 15 | 857679 | B |
| 16 | 903793 | B |
| 17 | 920515 | A |
| 18 | 935248 | A |
| 19 | 967000 | B |
| 20 | 979282 | A |

Initial baseline measurements were taken using the following EAV (Electroacupuncture According to Voll) protocol, after validation for “positive” spin.

| |
|--|
| <p style="text-align: center;">BASELINE EAV PROTOCOL</p> <p>Right Maxillary Sinus Right Frontal Sinus Left Frontal Sinus Right Sphenoidal Sinus – Right Cavernous Sinus Left Sphenoidal Sinus – Left Cavernous Sinus Left Maxillary Sinus</p> |
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Subjects were then provided with “Pressure Point” eyewear (“Patient #-01) and asked to sit for 5 (five) minutes. After 5 (five) minutes, the Baseline EAV Protocol again repeated.

Subjects removed the “Pressure Point” eyewear and were allowed to sit for a “washout” period of twenty (20) minutes.

The second set of “Pressure Point” eyewear was provided (“Patient #-02). Again, the subject sat for 5 (five) minutes and the Baseline EAV Protocol was repeated.

Determination of cause of the sinusitis was then determined via EAV. The categories tested included: Allergies, Fungal, Bacterial, and Viral. Fifty-five percent (11) of the sinusitis was caused by allergies; twenty-five percent (5) was of fungal origin, and twenty percent (20) was determined to be bacterial. No sinusitis in the test subjects was found in the Viral category.

After the EAV testing was complete, subjects were asked if they noticed a difference with either pair of the “Pressure Point” eyewear. Fourteen (14) of the twenty (20) subjects indicated that they felt a reduction in their sinus congestion after wearing the “Pressure Point” eyewear.

In addition to the twenty subjects, 2 (two) subjects served as controls. These individuals met all guidelines for inclusion in the study with the exception that they did not have symptoms nor had they been diagnosed with sinusitis.

RESULTS

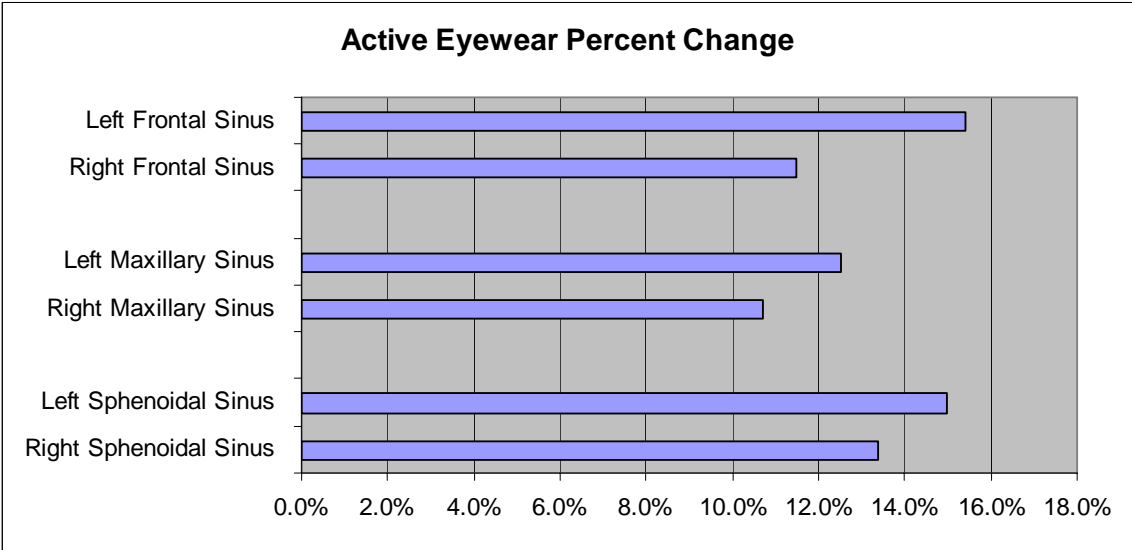
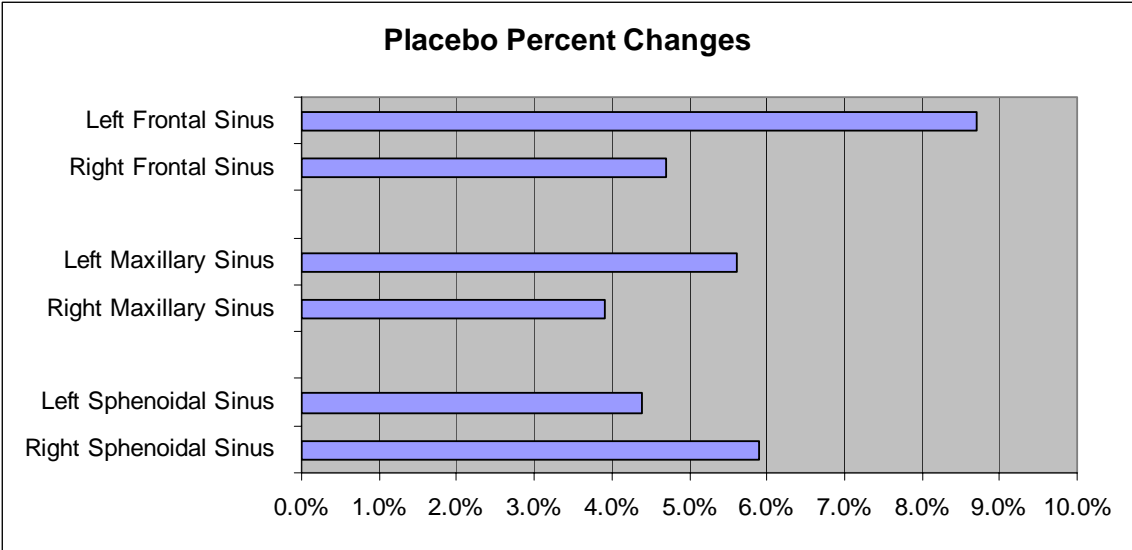
Active “Pressure Point” eyewear improved sinus points tested by 13.1%.
Placebo “Pressure Point” eyewear improved sinus points tested by 5.5%.

Individual Active “Pressure Point” eyewear - percentage improvements were:

| | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Right Sphenoidal Sinus | 13.4% |
| Left Sphenoidal Sinus | 15.0% |
| Right Maxillary Sinus | 10.7% |
| Left Maxillary Sinus | 12.5% |
| Right Frontal Sinus | 11.5% |
| Left Frontal Sinus | 15.4% |

Individual Placebo “Pressure Point” eyewear – percentage improvements were:

| | |
|------------------------|------|
| Right Sphenoidal Sinus | 5.9% |
| Left Sphenoidal Sinus | 4.4% |
| Right Maxillary Sinus | 3.9% |
| Left Maxillary Sinus | 5.6% |
| Right Frontal Sinus | 4.7% |
| Left Frontal Sinus | 8.7% |



Conclusion:

This double blind crossover study clearly demonstrates the *immediate* reduction in sinus inflammation (as identified by percent of improvement in specific EAV sinus readings). This is further validated by the fact that 70 percent of the subjects self-reported improvement in sinus congestion.